## What Is Claimed Is:

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1	1. A method of providing different quality of services (QOS) to different layer-3
2	datagrams to be transported from a first network device to a second network device connected
3	by a backbone, said method comprising:
4	provisioning a tunnel in said first network device, said tunnel terminating at said second
5	network device via said backbone, said tunnel being implemented to provide different QOS to
6	different packets depending on a packet header for the corresponding packet;
7	receiving a layer-3 datagram in said first network device, said layer-3 datagram
2 2 8 - 3	containing a datagram header and a datagram data;
8 10 mm time time time time time time time t	examining said datagram header in said first network device to determine a QOS to be
10 [4]	provided to said layer-3 datagram;
11 = 1	forming at least one packet in said first network device by encapsulating at least said
12 13 13 13	datagram data, wherein said at least said datagram data is encapsulated for transporting on said
13 CJ	tunnel, said at least one packet containing a packet header to provide said QOS determined by
14	said examining; and
15	sending said at least one packet to said second network device on said tunnel,
16	whereby layer-3 datagrams receive different QOS based on the corresponding datagram
17	headers.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said backbone is implemented to transport packets according to asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) protocol.

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3. The method of claim 2, wherein said provisioning further comprises implementing said tunnel using a plurality of virtual circuits (VC) forming a VC bundle, wherein each of said plurality of virtual circuits provides one of said different QOS provided by said tunnel.

- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein said at least one packet comprises a plurality of packets, wherein each of said plurality of packets is formed according to said ATM protocol.
  - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said tunnel is implemented using UDP/IP packets, wherein each UDP/IP packet contains a TOS/Precedence field, said TOS/Precedence field determining the QOS provided to the corresponding UDP/IP packet, said at least one packet comprising a UDP/IP packet, said forming comprising determining the value of said TOS/Precedence field according to said datagram header of said layer-3 datagram.
  - 6. The method of claim 5, wherein said layer-3 datagram comprises an IP datagram, and wherein said forming comprises copying the TOS/precedence bits in said IP datagram to said TOS/precedence field of a UDP/IP packet encapsulating said IP datagram.
  - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said receiving comprises receiving said layer-3 datagram on a point-to-point session, said method further comprising indicating in said first network device whether to provide different QOS to different datagrams received on said point-to-point session, wherein said first network device provides different QOS to datagrams received on said point-to-point session based on said indicating.

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8. The method of claim 7, further comprising indicating in a table a default QOS to be
used with said point-to-point session, wherein said determining comprises associating said
default QOS to said layer-3 datagram if said datagram header does not provide an indication of
the QOS to be provided to said layer-3 datagram.
9. The method of claim 1, wherein said first network device comprises either a network
access server (NAS) or a home gateway.
10. A first network device providing different quality of services (QOS) to different
layer-3 datagrams to be transported to a second network device connected by a backbone, said
first network device comprising:
means for provisioning a tunnel terminating at said second network device via said
backbone, said tunnel being implemented to provide different QOS to different packets
depending on a packet header for the corresponding packet;
means for receiving a layer-3 datagram, said layer-3 datagram containing a datagram
header and a datagram data;
means for examining said datagram header to determine a QOS to be provided to said
layer-3 datagram;
means for forming at least one packet by encapsulating at least said datagram data,
wherein said at least said datagram data is encapsulated for transporting on said tunnel, said at
least one packet containing a packet header to provide said QOS determined by said examining;
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14	and
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- means for sending said at least one packet to said second network device on said tunnel,
  whereby layer-3 datagrams receive different QOS based on the corresponding datagram
  headers.
  - 11. The first network device of claim 10, wherein said backbone is implemented to transport packets according to asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) protocol, wherein said means for provisioning implements said tunnel using a plurality of virtual circuits (VC) forming a VC bundle, wherein each of said plurality of virtual circuits provides one of said different QOS provided by said tunnel, wherein said at least one packet comprises a plurality of packets, wherein each of said plurality of packets is formed according to said ATM protocol.
  - 12. The first network device of claim 10, wherein said tunnel is implemented using UDP/IP packets, wherein each UDP/IP packet contains a TOS/Precedence field, said TOS/Precedence field determining the QOS provided to the corresponding UDP/IP packet, said at least one packet comprising a UDP/IP packet, said means for forming determining the value of said TOS/Precedence field according to said datagram header of said layer-3 datagram.
  - 13. The first network device of claim 12, wherein said layer-3 datagram comprises an IP datagram, and wherein said means for forming copies the TOS/precedence bits in said IP datagram to said TOS/precedence field of a UDP/IP packet encapsulating said IP datagram.

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1	14. The first network device of claim 10, wherein said means for receiving receives said
2	layer-3 datagram on a point-to-point session, said first network device further comprising means
3	for indicating to indicate whether to provide different QOS to different datagrams received on
4	said point-to-point session, wherein said first network device provides different QOS to
5	datagrams received on said point-to-point session based on said indicating.
1	15. The first network device of claim 14, further comprising indicating in a table a
2	default QOS to be used with said point-to-point session, wherein said means for determining
3 100 mg mg 4 mg 4 mg 100	associates said default QOS to said layer-3 datagram if said datagram header does not provide
419	an indication of the QOS to be provided to said layer-3 datagram.
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1 🛒	16. The first network device of claim 10, wherein said first network device comprises
2 == 13	either a network access server (NAS) or a home gateway.
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1	17. A first network device providing different quality of services (QOS) to different layer-
2	3 datagrams to be transported to a second network device connected by a backbone, said first
3	network device comprising:
4	an input interface receiving a layer-3 datagram, said layer-3 datagram containing a
5	datagram header and a datagram data;
6	a marker determining a QOS to be provided to said layer-3 datagram;
7	a tunnel encapsulator encapsulating at least said datagram data to generate encapsulated
8	data, said encapsulated data being encoded for transporting on a tunnel set up via a backbone to

9	a second network device, said tunnel providing different QOS to packets having different packet
10	headers;
11	a forwarding block forming at least one packet to transport said at least said datagram
12	data, wherein said at least said datagram data is encapsulated for transporting on said tunnel, said
13	at least one packet containing a packet header to provide said QOS determined by said
14	examining; and
15	an output interface sending said at least one packet to said second network device on said
16	tunnel,
17 5	whereby layer-3 datagrams receive different QOS based on the corresponding datagram
18 🚆	headers.
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	18. The first network device of claim 17, wherein said marker examines said datagram
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	header to determine said QOS.
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1	19. The first network device of claim 18, wherein said layer-3 datagram is received on
2	a point-to-point session.
1	20. The first network device of claim 19, further comprising:
2	a memory indicating whether to provide different QOS to different layer-3 datagrams
3	related to said point-to-point session; and
4	a classifier determining whether said layer-3 datagram relates to said point-to-point
5	session, wherein said marker provides different QOS to different layer-3 datagrams only if said
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memory indicates that different QOS to different layer-3 datagrams relates to said point-to-point 6 session, 7 whereby said first network device provides different QOS to different layer-3 datagrams 8 received only on some point-to-point sessions. 9 21. The first network device of claim 20, wherein said packet comprises an ATM cell 1 and said tunnel is implemented using a virtual circuit (VC) bundle containing a plurality of 2 virtual circuits, wherein each of said plurality of virtual circuits is provisioned to provide one of 3 4 12 12 12 1 12 1 said different QOS provided by said tunnel. 22. The first network device of claim 20, wherein said packet comprises a UDP/IP packet containing a type of service (TOS)/precedence field, wherein said layer-3 datagram comprises an Internet protocol (IP) datagram also containing a TOS/precedence field, said marker providing at least some of the bits of said TOS/precedence field of said IP datagram for copying 4[] into said TOS/precedence field of said UDP/IP packet. 5 23. The first network device of claim 20, wherein said memory further indicates a default 1 OOS to be provided to datagrams received on said point-to-point connection, wherein said 2 marker accesses said memory to provide said default QOS to said layer-3 datagram if QOS 3 cannot be determined by examining said packet header. 4 24. A computer readable medium carrying one or more sequences of instructions for 1 Page 24 of 28 CSCO-004/95507 Patent

causing a first network device to provide different quality of services (QOS) to different layer-3 2 datagrams when sending to a second network device on a backbone, said first network device, 3 second network device and said backbone being contained in a communication network, wherein 4 execution of said one or more sequences of instructions by one or more processors contained in 5 said network device causes said one or more processors to perform the actions of: 6 provisioning a tunnel in said first network device, said tunnel terminating at said second 7 network device via said backbone, said tunnel being implemented to provide different QOS to 8 9 different packets depending on a packet header for the corresponding packet; 10 5 receiving a layer-3 datagram in said first network device, said layer-3 datagram containing a datagram header and a datagram data; examining said datagram header in said first network device to determine a QOS to be provided to said layer-3 datagram; forming at least one packet in said first network device by encapsulating at least said datagram data, wherein said at least said datagram data is encapsulated for transporting on said 15**[**] tunnel, said at least one packet containing a packet header to provide said QOS determined by 16 said examining; and 17 sending said at least one packet to said second network device on said tunnel, 18 whereby layer-3 datagrams receive different QOS based on the corresponding datagram 19 20 headers.

25. The computer readable medium of claim 24, wherein said backbone is implemented to transport packets according to asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) protocol.

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- 1 26. The computer readable medium of claim 25, wherein said provisioning further comprises implementing said tunnel using a plurality of virtual circuits (VC) forming a VC 2 3 bundle, wherein each of said plurality of virtual circuits provides one of said different QOS 4 provided by said tunnel.
- 27. The computer readable medium of claim 25, wherein said at least one packet comprises a plurality of packets, wherein each of said plurality of packets is formed according to said ATM protocol.

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- 28. The computer readable medium of claim 24, wherein said tunnel is implemented using UDP/IP packets, wherein each UDP/IP packet contains a TOS/Precedence field, said TOS/Precedence field determining the QOS provided to the corresponding UDP/IP packet, said at least one packet comprising a UDP/IP packet, said forming comprising determining the value of said TOS/Precedence field according to said datagram header of said layer-3 datagram.
- The computer readable medium of claim 28, wherein said layer-3 datagram comprises an IP datagram, and wherein said forming comprises copying the TOS/precedence bits in said IP datagram to said TOS/precedence field of a UDP/IP packet encapsulating said IP datagram.
- 30. The computer readable medium of claim 24, wherein said receiving comprises Patent Page 26 of 28 CSCO-004/95507

- 2 receiving said layer-3 datagram on a point-to-point session, said method further comprising
- 3 indicating in said first network device whether to provide different QOS to different datagrams
- 4 received on said point-to-point session, wherein said first network device provides different QOS
- 5 to datagrams received on said point-to-point session based on said indicating.
- 31. The computer readable medium of claim 30, further comprising indicating in a table a default QOS to be used with said point-to-point session, wherein said determining comprises associating said default QOS to said layer-3 datagram if said datagram header does not provide an indication of the QOS to be provided to said layer-3 datagram.
  - 32. The computer readable medium of claim 24, wherein said first network device comprises either a network access server (NAS) or a home gateway.

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